Power Monitoring





U018 Series (sold separately)









HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Follow safe electrical work practices. See NFPA 70E in the USA, or applicable local code
- This equipment must only be installed and serviced by qualified electrical personnel. Read, understand and follow the instructions before installing this product.
- Turn off all power supplying equipment before working on or inside the equipment Any covers that may be displaced during the installation must be reinstalled before powering the unit.
- Use a properly rated voltage sensing device to confirm power is off. DO NOT DEPEND ON THIS PRODUCT FOR VOLTAGE INDICATION

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

A qualified person is one who has skills and knowledge related to the construction and operation of this electrical equipment and the installation, and has received safety training to recognize and avoid the hazards involved. No responsibility is assumed by Veris Industries for any consequences arising out of the use of this material.

Control system design must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for certain critical control functions, provide a means to acheive a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop and over-travel stop.

△ WARNING

LOSS OF CONTROL

- Assure that the system will reach a safe state during and after a control path failure Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions. Test the effect of transmission delays or failures of communication links.
- Each implementation of equipment using communication links must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before placing it in service. Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage

ional information about anticipated transmission delays or failures of the link, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition). Safety Guidelins for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid-State Control or its equivalent in your specific country, language, and/or location.

NOTICE

- This product is not intended for life or safety applications. Do not install this product in hazardous or classified locations
- The installer is responsible for conformance to all applicable codes Mount this product inside a suitable fire and electrical enclosure

FCC PART 15 INFORMATION

NOTE: This equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and found to DIE: In its equipment has been tested by the manufacturer and round to comply with the limits for a class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a residential environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and

(2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Modifications to this product without the express authorization of the manufacturer nullify this statement.

For use in a Pollution Degree 2 or better environment only. A Pollution Degree 2 environment must control conductive pollution and the possibility of condensation or high humidity. Consider the enclosure, the correct use of ventilation, thermal properties of the equipment, and the relationship with the environment. Installation category: CAT II or CAT III. Provide a disconnect device to disconnect the meter from the supply source. Place this device in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the operator, and mark it as the disconnecting device. The disconnecting device shall meet the relevant requirements of IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3 and shall be suitable for the application. In the US and Canada, disconnecting fuse holders can be used. Provide overcurrent protection and disconecting device for supply conductors with approved current limiting devices suitable for protecting the wiring. If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the device may be impaired

E51C2A, E51C3A

Compact Bi-Directional Power and Energy Meter For Use Only With U018 Series Rope CTs

Product Overview

The E51CxA DIN Rail Power Meter provides a solution for measuring energy data with a single device. Inputs include Control Power, CTs, and 3-phase voltage. The E51CxA supports multiple output options, including solid state relay contacts, Modbus (with or without data logging), and pulse. The LCD screen on the faceplate allows instant output viewing. These meters include built-in CT integrators and CT power supplies. The E50CxA works only with Veris U018 series rope style CTs.

The E51 Meter is capable of bidirectional metering. Power is monitored in both directions (upstream and downstream from the meter). The meter is housed in a plastic enclosure suitable for installation on T35 DIN rail according to EN50022. The E51 can be mounted either on a DIN rail or in a panel. Observe correct CT orientation when installing the device.

Product Identification

Model	Description	Output			Data Logging
		Pulse	RS-485	Alarm	
E51C2A	Modbus output, full data set	•	•	•	
E51C3A	Modbus output, data logging	•	•	•	•

Specifications

MEASUREMENT ACCURACY							
Real Power and Energy	IEC 62053-22 Class 0.2S, ANSI C12.20 0.2%						
Reactive Power and Energy	IEC 62053-23 Class 2, 2%						
Current	0.2% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 1% to 5% of range;						
	0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 5% to 100% of range						
Voltage	0.1% (+0.005% per °C deviation from 25°C) from 90 VAC $_{\!_{\rm L-N}}$ to 600 VAC $_{\!_{\rm L-L}}$						
Sample Rate	2520 samples per second; no blind time						
Data Update Rate	1 sec.						
Type of Measurement	True RMS; one to three phase AC system						
	NPUT VOLTAGE CHARACTERISTICS						
Measured AC Voltage	Minimum 90 V _{L-N} (156 V _{L-L}) for stated accuracy;						
	UL Maximums: 600 V _{L-L} (347 V _{L-N}); CE Maximum: 300 V _{L-N}						
Metering Over-Range	+20%						
Impedance	$2.5~\mathrm{M}\Omega_{\mathrm{L-N}}/5~\mathrm{M}\Omega_{\mathrm{L-L}}$						
Frequency Range	45 to 65 Hz						
ı	NPUT CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS						
CT Scaling	20A to 5000A						
Measurement Input Range	U018 series rope style CTs only (CTs must be rated for connection to Class 1 voltage inputs)						



Specifications (cont.)

CONTROL POWER							
AC	5 VA max.; 90V min.;						
	UL Maximums: 600 V _{I-I} (347 V _{I-N}); CE Maximum: 300 V _{I-N}						
DC*	3 W max.; UL and CE: 125 to 300 VDC						
Ride Through Time	100 msec at 120 VAC						
	ОИТРИТ						
Alarm Contacts	N.C., static output (30VAC/DC, 100mA max. @ 25°C,						
	derate 0.56mA per °C above 25°C)						
Real Energy Pulse Contacts	N.O., static output (30 VAC/DC, 100 mA max. @ 25°C,						
	derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C)						
RS-485 Port	2-wire, 1200 to 38400 baud, Modbus RTU						
	MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Weight	0.62 lb (0.28 kg)						
IP Degree of Protection (IEC 60529)	IP40 front display; IP20 Meter						
Display Characteristics	Back-lit blue LCD						
Terminal Block Screw Torque	0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5 to 0.6 N·m)						
Terminal Block Wire Size	24 to 14 AWG (0.13 to 2.08 mm²)						
Rail	T35 (35mm) DIN Rail per EN50022						
	OPERATING CONDITIONS						
Operating Temperature Range	-30° to 70°C (22° to 158°F)						
Storage Temperature Range	-40° to 85°C (-40° to 185°F)						
Humidity Range	<95% RH noncondensing						
Altitude of Operation	3000 m						
	COMPLIANCE INFORMATION						
US and Canada	CAT III, Pollution degree 2;						
	for distribution systems up to 347V _{L-N} /600VAC _{L-L}						
CE	CAT III, Pollution degree 2;						
	for distribution systems up to 300V _{L-N}						
Dielectric Withstand	Per UL 508, EN61010						
Conducted and Radiated Emissions	FCC part 15 Class B, EN55011/EN61000 Class B (residential and light industrial)						
Conducted and Radiated Immunity	EN61000 Class A (heavy industrial)						
US and Canada (cULus)	UL508 (open type device)/CSA 22.2 No. 14-05						
Europe (CE)	EN61010-1						

^{*} External DC current limiting is required, see fuse recommendations.

SunSpec Alliance Interoperability Specification Compliance This meter implements the draft SunSpec 1.0 common elements starting at base 1 address 40001, and the proposed SunSpec 1.1 meter model at 40070 (these addresses are not in Modicon notation). See www.veris.com or www.sunspec.org for copies of these specifications.



The SunSpec Alliance logo is a trademark or registered trademark of the SunSpec Alliance.

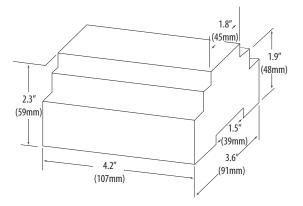


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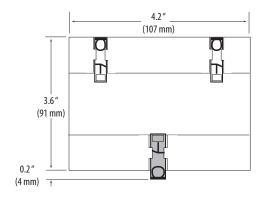


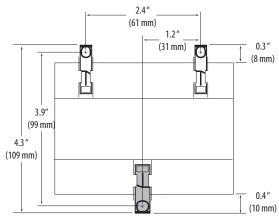
Dimensions



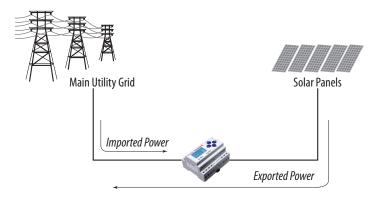
Bottom View (DIN Mount Option)

Bottom View (Screw Mount Option)





Application Example





Data Outputs

Signed Power: Real, Reactive, and Apparent 3-phase total and per phase

Real and Apparent Energy Accumulators: Import, Export, and Net; 3-phase total and per phase

Reactive Energy Accumulators by Quadrant: 3-phase totals and per phase

Configurable for CT & PT ratios, system type, and passwords

Diagnostic alerts

Current: 3-phase average and per phase

Volts: 3-phase average and per phase Line-Line and Line-Neutral

Power Factor: 3-phase average and per phase

Frequency

Power Demand: Most Recent and Peak (Import and Export)

Demand Configuration: Fixed, Rolling Block, and External Sync (Modbus only)

Data Logging (E51C3A only)

Real Time Clock: user configurable

10 user configurable log buffers: each buffer holds 5760 16-bit entries

(User configures which 10 data points are stored in these buffers)

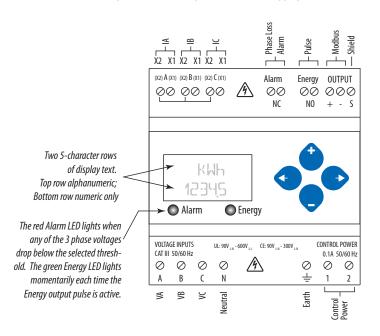
User configurable logging interval

(When configured for a 15 minute interval, each buffer holds 60 days of data)

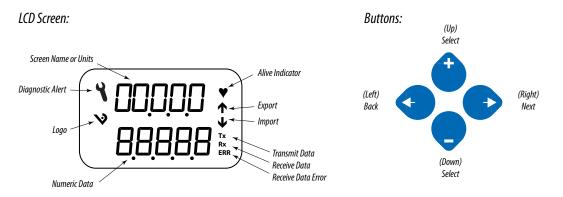
Continuous and Single Shot logging modes: user selectable

Auto write pause: read logs without disabling the meter's data logging mode

Product Diagram



Display Screen Diagram





Installation

Disconnect power prior to installation.

Reinstall any covers that are displaced during the installation before powering the unit.

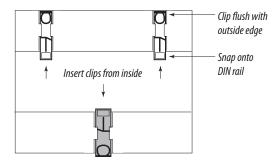
Do not install on the load side of a Variable Frequency Drive (VFD), aka Variable Speed Drive (VSD) or Adjustable Frequency Drive (AFD).

Observe correct CT orientation.

The meter can be mounted in two ways: on standard 35 mm DIN rail or screw-mounted to the interior surface of the enclosure.

A. DIN Rail Mounting

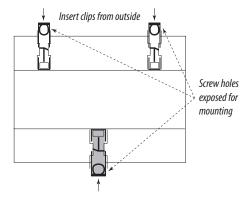
- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the inside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the outside edge of the clip must be flush with the outside edge of the housing.
- 2. Snap the clips onto the DIN rail. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).



3. To reduce horizontal shifting across the DIN rail, use two Veris AVO2 end stop clips.

B. Screw Mounting

- 1. Attach the mounting clips to the underside of the housing by sliding them into the slots from the outside. The stopping pegs must face the housing, and the screw hole must be exposed on the outside of the housing.
- 2. Use three #8 screws (not supplied) to mount the meter to the inside of the enclosure. See the diagram of the underside of the housing (below).





Supported System Types

The meter has a number of different possible system wiring configurations (see Wiring Diagrams section). To configure the meter, set the System Type via the User Interface or Modbus register 130 (if so equipped). The System Type tells the meter which of its current and voltage inputs are valid, which are to be ignored, and if neutral is connected. Setting the correct System Type prevents unwanted energy accumulation on unused inputs, selects the formula to calculate the Theoretical Maximum System Power, and determines which phase loss algorithm is to be used. The phase loss algorithm is configured as a percent of the Line-to-Line System Voltage (except when in System Type 10) and also calculates the expected Line to Neutral voltages for system types that have Neutral (12 & 40).

Values that are not valid in a particular System Type will display as "----" on the User Interface or as QNAN in the Modbus registers.

	CTs		Voltage Connections		System Type		Phase Loss Measurements			Wiring Diagram	
Number of wires	Qty	ID	Qty	ID	Туре	Modbus Register 130	User Interface: SETUP>S SYS	VLL	VLN	Balance	Diagram number
Single-Phas	Single-Phase Wiring										
2	1	А	2	A, N	L-N	10	1L + 1n		AN		1
2	1	Α	2	A, B	L-L	11	2L	AB			2
3	2	A, B	3	A, B, N	L-L with N	12	2L + 1n	AB	AN, BN	AN-BN	3
Three-Phas	Three-Phase Wiring										
3	3	A, B, C	3	A, B, C	Delta	31	3L	AB, BC, CA		AB-BC-CA	4
4	3	A, B, C	4	A, B, C, N	Grounded Wye	40	3L + 1n	AB, BC, CA	AN, BN, CN	AN-BN-CN & AB-BC-CA	5, 6

Wiring Symbols

To avoid distortion, use parallel wires for control power and voltage inputs.

The following symbols are used in the wiring diagrams on the following pages.

Symbol	Description
	Voltage Disconnect Switch
	Fuse (installer is responsible for ensuring compliance with local requirements. No fuses are included with the meter.)
	Earth ground
X1 X2	Current Transducer
	Potential Transformer
	Protection containing a voltage disconnect switch with a fuse or disconnect circuit breaker. The protection device must be rated for the available short-circuit current at the connection point.

NOTICE

RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

- This product is designed only for use with U018 series current transducers (CTs).
- DO NOT USE CURRENT OUTPUT (e.g. 5A) CTs ON THIS PRODUCT.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.



Wiring



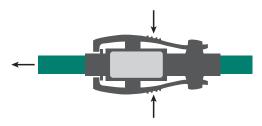
RISK OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR PERMANENT EQUIPMENT DAMAGE

CT negative terminals are referenced to the meter's neutral and may be at elevated voltages

- · Do not contact meter terminals while the unit is connected
- · Do not connect or short other circuits to the CT terminals

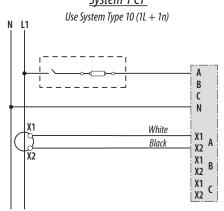
Failure to follow these instructions may cause injury, death or equipment damage.

- 1. Connect the CT output leads to the E5xxxA meter inputs according to the following diagrams. The white wire is the X1 lead. Observe correct CT orientation.
- 2. Squeeze the ribbed sections of the CT connector and pull the rope out of the connector to open.

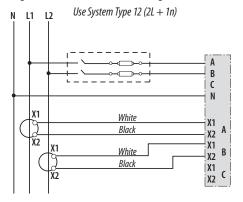


- 3. Wrap the rope style CT around the conductor to be monitored.
- 4. Snap the connector back together securely, ensuring there is no dust or debris in the closure area.

<u>Diagram 1: 1-Phase Line-to-Neutral 2- Wire</u> System 1 CT



<u>Diagram 3: 1-Phase Direct Voltage Connection 2 CT</u>



<u>Diagram 2: 1-Phase Line-to-Line 2-Wire</u> System 1 CT

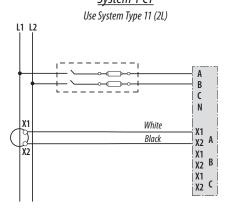
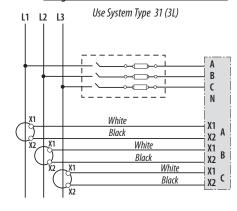


Diagram 4: 3-Phase 3-Wire 3 CT no PT





Wiring (cont.)

Diagram 5: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Direct Voltage Input

Connection 3 CT

Use System Type 40 (3L + 1n)

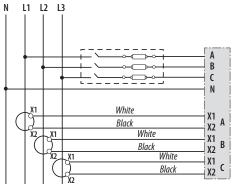
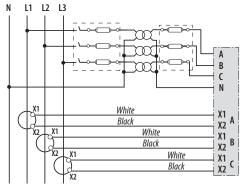


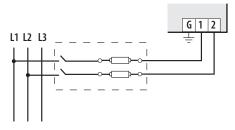
Diagram 6: 3-Phase 4-Wire Wye Connection 3 CT

Use System Type 40 (3L + 1n)



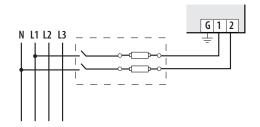
Control Power

Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Line)



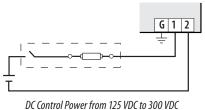
Line to Line from 90 VAC to 600 VAC (UL). In UL installations the lines may be floating (such as a delta). If any lines are tied to an earth (such as a corner arounded delta), see the Line to Neutral installation limits. In CE compliant installations, the lines must be neutral (earth) referenced at less than 300 VAC

Direct Connect Control Power (Line to Neutral)



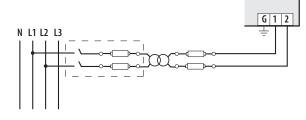
Line to Neutral from 90 VAC to 347 VAC (UL) or 300 VAC (CE)

Direct Connect Control Power (DC Control Power)



(UL and CE max.)

Control Power Transformer (CPT) Connection



The Control Power Transformer may be wired L-N or L-L. Output to meet meter input requirements

Fuse Recommendations

Keep the fuses close to the power source (obey local and national code requirements).

For selecting fuses and circuit breakers, use the following criteria:

- Select current interrupt capacity based on the installation category and fault current capability.
- Select over-current protection with a time delay.
- Select a voltage rating sufficient for the input voltage applied.
- Provide overcurrent protection and disconnecting means to protect the wiring. For AC installations, use Veris AH02, AH03, AH04, or equivalent. For DC installations, provide external circuit protection. Suggested: 0.5 A, time delay fuses.
- The earth connection (G) is required for electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) and is not a protective earth ground.



Quick Setup Instructions

These instructions assume the meter is set to factory defaults. If it has been previously configured, check all optional values.

- 1. Press the or button repeatedly until SETUP screen appears.
- 2. to the PASWD screen.
- 3. through the digits. Use the or buttons to select the password (the default is 00000). Exit the screen to the right.
- 4. Use the or buttons to select the parameter to configure.
- 5. If the unit has an RS-485 interface, the first Setup screen is 5 CDM (set communications).
 - a. ◆ to the RIDR screen and through the address digits. Use the ◆ or ◆ buttons to select the Modbus address.
 - b. to the BAUI screen. Use the or buttons to select the baud rate.
 - c. ◆ to the PAR screen. Use the ◆ or ◆ buttons to select the parity.
 - d. ◆ back to the 5 COM screen.
- **6.** ♦ to the 5 [7] (Set Current Transducer) screen. If this unit does not have an RS-485 port, this will be the first screen.
 - a. ◆ to the ☐ 52 screen and through the digits. Use the ◆ or ◆ buttons to select the CT size in amps.
 - b. ◆ back to the 与 CT screen.
- 7. to the 5 595 (Set System) screen.
 - a. to the 545TM screen. Use the or buttons to select the System Type (see wiring diagrams).
 - b. back to the SSSS screen.
- 8. (Optional) to the 5 PT (Set Potential Transformer) screen. If PTs are not used, then skip this step.
 - a. loop to the RATIO screen and through the digits. Use the loop or loop buttons to select the Potential Transformer step down ratio.
 - b. back to the 5 PT screen.
- - a. loop to the VLL (or VLN if system is 1L-1n) screen and through the digits. Use the loop or loop buttons to select the Line to Line System Voltage.
 - b. back to the S V screen.
- 10. Use the ◆ to exit the setup screen and then SETUP.
- 11. Check that the wrench is not displayed on the LCD.
 - a. If the wrench is displayed, use the **t** or **t** buttons to find the ALERT screen.
 - b. through the screens to see which alert is on.

For the full setup instructions, see the configuration instructions on the following pages.



Solid-State Pulse Output

The meter has one normally open (N.O.) KZ Form A output and one normally closed (N.C.) KY solid-state output. One is dedicated to import energy (Wh), and the other to Alarm.

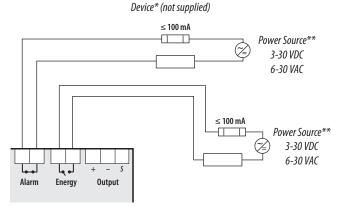
The relay used for the Phase Loss contact is N.C., with closure indicating the presence of an alarm; either loss of phase if the meter is powered, or loss of power if the meter is not. The contacts are open when the meter is powered and no phase loss alarm conditions are present.

The solid state pulse outputs are rated for 30 VAC/DC nom.

Maximum load current is 100 mA at 25°C. Derate 0.56 mA per °C above 25°C.

See the Setup section for configuration information.

INDUSTRIES



Over-Current Protective

- * The over-current protective device must be rated for the short circuit current at the connection point.
- ** All pulse outputs and communication circuits are only intended to be connected to non-hazardous circuits (SELV or Class 2). Do not connect to hazardous voltages.

User Interface (UI) Menu Abbreviations Defined

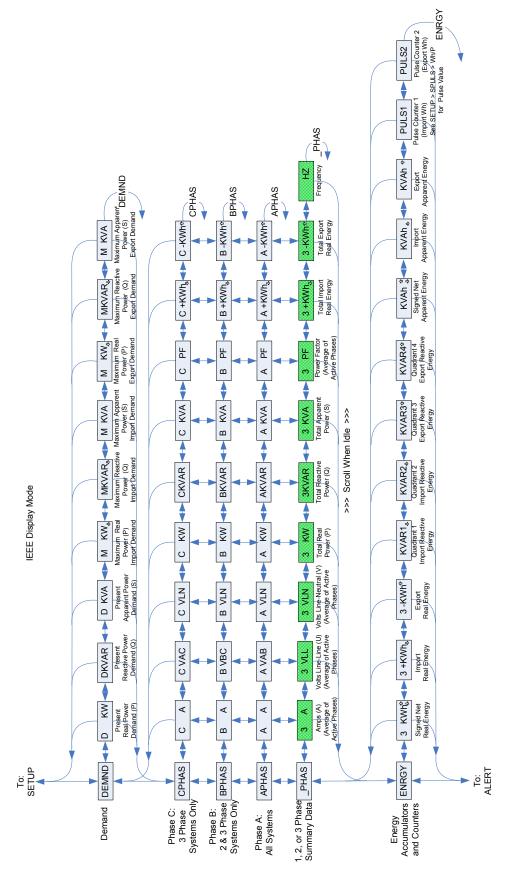
The user can set the display mode to either IEC or IEEE notation in the SETUP menu.

Main Menu								
IEC	IEEE	Description						
D	D	Demand						
MAX	M	Maximum Demand						
P	W	Present Real Power						
Q	VAR	Present Reactive Power						
S	VA	Present Apparent Power						
A	A	Amps						
UAB, UBC, UAC	VAB, VBC, VAC	Voltage Line to Line						
٧	VLN	Voltage Line to Neutral						
PF	PF	Power Factor						
U	VLL	Voltage Line to Line						
HZ	HZ	Frequency						
KSh	KVAh	Accumulated Apparent Energy						
KQh	KVARh	Accumulated Reactive Energy						
KPh	KWh	Accumulated Real Energy						
PLOSS	PLOSS	Phase Loss						
LOWPF	LOWPF	Low Power Factor Error						
F ERR	F ERR	Frequency Error						
IOVR	I OVR	Over Current						
V OVR	V OVR	Over Voltage						

	Main Menu									
IEC	IEEE	Description								
PULSE	PULSE	kWh Pulse Output Overrun (configuration error)								
_PHASE	_PHASE	Summary Data for 1, 2, or 3 active phases								
ALERT	ALERT	Diagnostic Alert Status								
INFO	INFO	Unit Information								
MODEL	MODEL	Model Number								
OS	OS	Operating System								
RS	RS	Reset System								
SN	SN	Serial Number								
RESET	RESET	Reset Data								
PASWD	PASWD	Enter Reset or Setup Password								
ENERG	ENERG	Reset Energy Accumulators								
DEMND	DEMND	Reset Demand Maximums								
Û		Import								
Û		Export								
PULS_	PULS_	Pulse Counter (if equipped)								
Q_	Q_	Quadrant 1-4 per IEEE 1459								
n	n	Net								



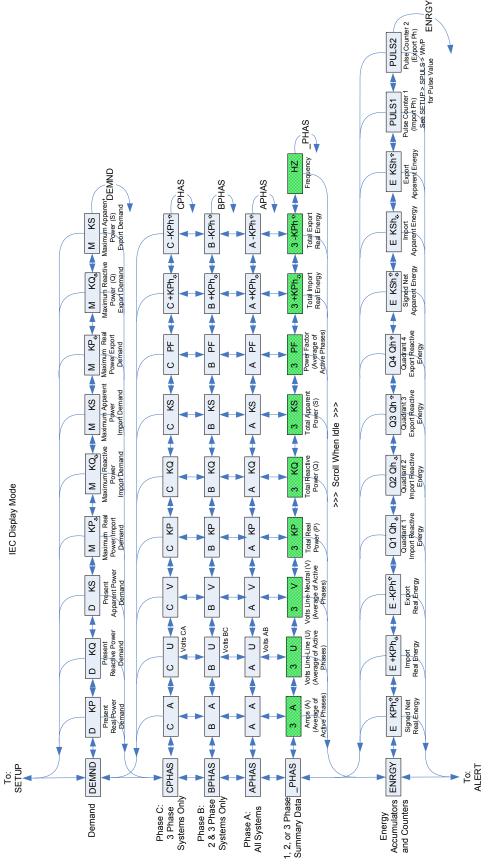
User Interface



The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.



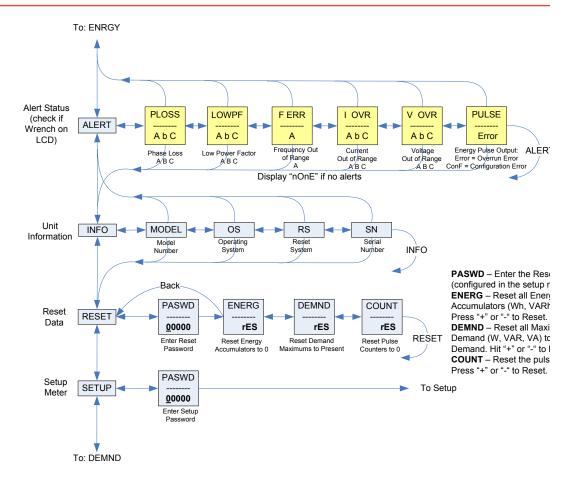
User Interface (cont.)



The units for all Power and Energy screens change to preserve resolution as the accumulated totals increase. For example, energy starts out as Wh, then switches to kWh, MWh, and eventually GWh as the accumulated value increases.

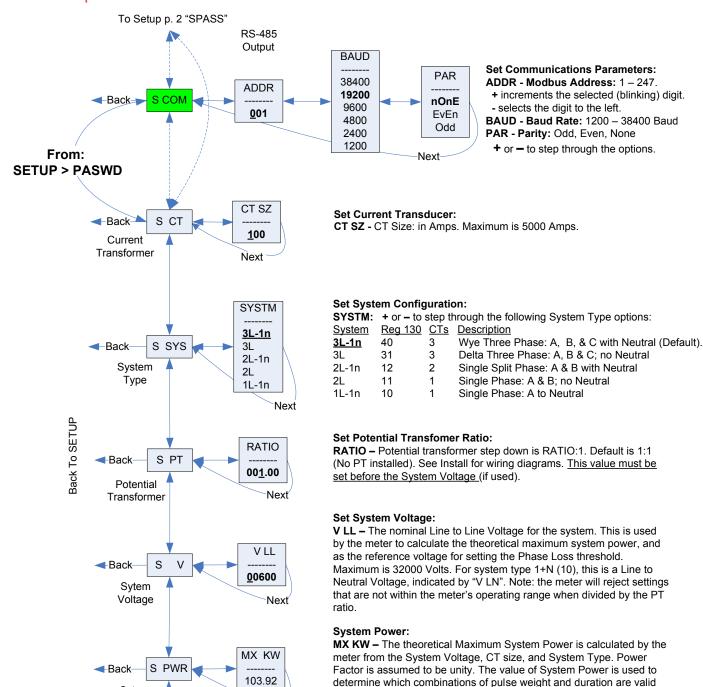


Alert/Reset Information





UI for Setup



Next

Note: Bold is the Default.

and will keep up with the maximum power the meter will see. This value

Svtem

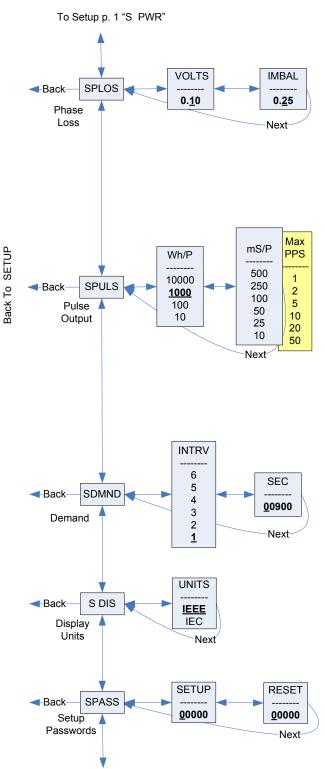
Voltage

To Setup p. 2 "SPLOS"

is read only.



Ul for Setup (cont.)



To Setup page 1 "S COM"

Set Phase Loss:

VOLTS - Phase Loss Voltage: The fraction of the system voltage below which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltage is also calculated and tested. If the System Voltage is 600 and the fraction is set to 0.10, then the Phase Loss threshold will be 60 volts.

IMBAL - Phase Loss Imbalance: The fractional difference in Line to Line voltages above which Phase Loss Alarm is on. For system types with neutral, the Line to Neutral voltages are also tested. For system types 1+N (10) and 2 (11), imbalance is not tested.

Set Pulse:

The System Type, CT size, PT Ratio, and System Voltage must all be configured before setting the Pulse Energy. If any of these parameters are changed, the meter will hunt for a new Pulse Duration, but will not change the Pulse Energy. If it cannot find a solution, the meter will display the wrench, show "ConF" in the ALARM -> PULSE screen, and enable Energy pulse output configuration error bit in the Modbus Diagnostic Alert Bitmap (if equipped).

Wh/P - Set Pulse Energy: In Watt Hours (& VAR Hours, if present) per Pulse. When moving down to a smaller energy, the meter will not allow the selection if it cannot find a pulse duration that will allow the pulse output to keep up with Theoretical Maximum System Power (see S_PWR screen). When moving up to a larger energy, the meter will jump to the first value where it can find a valid solution.

mS/P – Minimum Pulse Duration Time: This read only value is set by the meter to the slowest duration (in mS per closure) that will keep up with the Theoretical Maximum System Power. The open time is greater than or equal to the closure time. The maximum Pulses Per Second (PPS) is shown in yellow.

Set Demand Interval:

INTRV - The number of Sub-Intervals (1 to 6) in a Demand Interval. Default is 1 (block demand).

SEC - Sub-Interval length in seconds. Default is 900 (15 minutes). Set to 0 for external sync-to-comms (Modbus units only).

Set Display Units: +/- to switch between:

IEEE - VLL VLN W VAR VA Units.
IEC - U V P Q S Units.

Set Passwords:

SETUP - The Password to enter the SETUP menu.

RESET - The Password to enter the RESET menu.

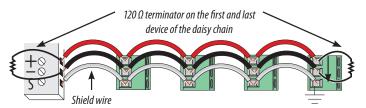


RS-485

Communications

Daisy-chaining Devices to the Power Meter

The RS-485 slave port allows the power meter to be connected in a daisy chain with up to 63 2-wire devices.

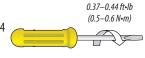


Notes

- The terminal's voltage and current ratings are compliant with the requirements of the EIA RS-485 communications standard.
- The RS-485 transceivers are ¼ unit load or less.
- RS-485+ has a 47 k Ω pull up to +5V, and RS-485- has a 47 k Ω pull down to Shield (RS-485 signal ground).
- Wire the RS-485 bus as a daisy chain from device to device, without any stubs. Use 120 Ω termination resistors at each
 end of the bus (not included).
- Shield is not internally connected to Earth Ground.
- Connect Shield to Earth Ground somewhere on the RS-485 bus.

For all terminals:

 When tightening terminals, apply the correct torque: 0.37 to 0.44 ft-lb (0.5-0.6 N·m).





• Use 14-24 gauge (2.1-0.2 mm²) wire.

Data Logging (E51C3A only)

The E51C3A includes a data logging feature that records 10 meter parameters, each in its own buffer.

Configuration

Use register 150 to set the data logging time subinterval. Writing to the storage buffer is triggered by the subinterval timer. The default subinterval is 15 minutes (at a 15 minute interval setting, the buffers hold 60 days of data). An external timer can be used over Modbus by setting this register to 0.

Use register 159 to turn on data logging and select either Single Shot or Continuous mode. (default is data logging on, Continuous mode). In Single Shot mode, the meter records data until the buffer is full. When the buffer is full, the meter stops recording new readings. Data for this time period is kept, but newer energy information is lost. In Continuous mode, the meter continues to record energy data as long as the meter is operating. The buffer can only hold 5760 entries at one time, however, so when the number of records exceeds 5760, the oldest entry is deleted to make room for the newest.

Registers 169-178 contain the pointers to 10 data storage buffers. Each buffer is user-configurable with the Modbus address of the 16-bit data output to be stored. 32-bit data, such as floating point data or 32-bit integer energy accumulators, require two buffers. However, the lower 16 bits of an integer energy accumulator can be stored in a single buffer (optional).

When the E51C3A is first installed, the buffers contain QNAN data, with a value of 0x8000. This data is considered invalid. If the buffer is reset at any point, all entries in the buffers are overwritten with this 0x8000 value, indicating that it is invalid. All invalid data is overwritten as the meter fills the buffer with new data entries.

Reading Data

Use register 158 to choose which buffer to read. When this register value is set to 0, the meter is in data logging mode. Changing this value from 0 to (1 through 10) switches the meter to reading mode and selects a buffer to read. Data from the selected buffer appears in registers 8000 to 13760.



Data Logging (E51C3 only, cont.)

Read/Write Collision

If the demand sub-interval timeout occurs while the user is reading a page (register $158 \neq 0$), the log data will be held in RAM until the next demand subinterval. At that time, both the saved data from the previous cycle and the new data will be written to the log, whether the page register has been set back to 0 or not. Error bits in the Log Status Register (160) track these conditions. Subsequent log writes will proceed normally. Provided the log read is concluded in less time than the demand sub-interval, this mechanism handles the occasional collision and prevents the user from reading data as the buffer is being updated.

The Log Status Register has additional error flag bits that indicate whether logging has been reset or interrupted (power cycle, etc.) during the previous demand sub-interval, and whether the Real-Time Clock has been changed (re-initialized to default date/time due to a power-cycle or modified via Modbus commands).

Modbus Point Map Overview

The E51C2A Full Data Set (FDS) model features data outputs such as demand calculations, per phase signed watts VA and VAR, import/export Wh and VAh, and VARh accumulators by quadrant. The E51C3A Data Logging model includes the FDS and adds log configuration registers 155-178 and log buffer reading at registers 8000-13760. The meter supports variable CTs and PTs, allowing a much wider range of operation from 90V x 5A up to 32000V x 5000A. To promote this, the meter permits variable scaling of the 16-bit integer registers via the scale registers. The 32-bit floating point registers do not need to be scaled.

Integer registers begin at 001 (0x001). Floats at 257 (0x101). Configuration registers at 129 (0x081). Values not supported in a particular System Type configuration report QNAN (0x8000 in Integer Registers, 0x7FC00000 in Floating Point Registers). Register addresses are in PLC style base 1 notation. Subtract 1 from all addresses for the base 0 value used on the Modbus RS-485 link.

Supported Modbus Commands

Note: ID String information varies from model to model. Text shown here is an example.

Command	Description
0x03	Read Holding Registers
0x04	Read Input Registers
0x06	Preset Single Register
0x10	Preset Multiple Registers
	Report ID
0x11	Return string: byte0: address byte1: 0x11 byte2: #bytes following w/out crc byte3: ID byte = 247 byte4: status = 0xFF if the operating system is used; status = 0x00 if the reset system is used bytes5+: ID string = "Veris Industries E51xxA Power Meter Full Data Set" or "Veris Industries E51xxA Power Meter - RESET SYSTEM RUNNING RS Version x.xxxx" last 2 bytes: CRC
	Read Device Identification, BASIC implementation (0x00, 0x01 and 0x02 data), Conformity Level 1.
0x2B	Object values: 0x01: "Veris Industries" 0x02: "E51xxA" 0x03: "Vxx.yyy", where xx.yyy is the OS version number (reformatted version of the Modbus register #7001, (Firmware Version, Operating System). If register #7001 == 12345, then the 0x03 data would be "V12.345").

Legend

The following table lists the addresses assigned to each data point. For floating point format variables, each data point appears twice because two 16-bit addresses are required to hold a 32-bit float value. Negative signed integers are 2's complement.



Modbus Point Map Overview (cont.)

R/W	1	R=read only R/W=read from either int or float formats, write only to integer format.								
NV	Value is s	tored in non-volatile memory. The value will still be available if the meter experiences a power loss and reset.								
	UInt	Unsigned 16-bit integer.								
	SInt Signed 16-bit integer.									
Format	ULong Unsigned 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MS									
Tomac	SLong	Signed 32-bit integer; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (001/002 = MSR/LSR).								
	Float	32-bit floating point; Upper 16-bits (MSR) in lowest-numbered / first listed register (257/258 = MSR/LSR). Encoding is per IEEE standard 754 single precision.								
Units	Lists the physical units that a register holds.									
Scale Factor	Some Integer values must be multiplied by a constant scale factor (typically a fraction), to be read correctly. This is done to allow integer numbers to represent fractional numbers.									
Range	Defines t	he limit of the values that a register can contain.								

Standard Modbus Default Settings

Setting	Value	Modbus Register
Setup Password	00000	-
Reset Password	00000	-
System Type	40 (3 + N) Wye	130
CT Primary Ratio (if CTs are not included)	100A	131
CT Secondary Ratio	QNAN	132
PT Ratio	1:1 (none)	133
System Voltage	600 V L-L	134
Max. Theoretical Power (Analog Output: full scale (20mA or 5V))	104 kW	135
Display Mode	1 (IEEE units)	137
Phase Loss	10% of System Voltage (60V), 25% Phase to Phase Imbalance	142, 143
Pulse Energy	1 (kWh/pulse)	144
Demand: number of sub-intervals per interval	1 (block mode)	149
Demand: sub-interval length	900 sec (15 min)	150
Modbus Address	001	-
Modbus Baud Rate	19200 baud	-
Modbus Parity	None	-
Log Read Page	0	158
Logging Configuration Register	0	159
Log Register Pointer 1	3 (Import Real Energy MSR)	169
Log Register Pointer 2	4 (Import Real Energy LSR)	170
Log Register Pointer 3	5 (Export Real Energy MSR)	171
Log Register Pointer 4	6 (Export Real Energy LSR)	172
Log Register Pointer 5	29 (Real Demand)	173
Log Register Pointer 6	30 (Reactive Demand)	174
Log Register Pointer 7	31 (Apparent Demand)	175
Log Register Pointer 8	155 (Month/Day)	176
Log Register Pointer 9	156 (Year/Hour)	177
Log Register Pointer 10	157 (Minutes/Seconds)	178



Modbus Point Map

		ibus	011		Тар		1						
E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description			
								Integer	Data: Summary of Active Phases	5			
•		001 002	R	NV	SLong	kWh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Real Energy: Net (Import - Expo	rt)	MSR LSR		
•	•	003	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E		Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4		MSR	Accumulated Real Energy	
	•	004 005		144	OLONG	KVVII	-		Import		LSR MSR	(Ph)	
•		006	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	I I I TO LIXEEFFFFFF	Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Export		LSR		
	•	007 008	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 1: Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) In		MSR LSR		
•	•	009	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E		Reactive Energy - Quadrant 2:		MSR	Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh):	
•		010 011							Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Ir Reactive Energy - Quadrant 3:		LSR MSR	Quadrants 1 + 2 = Import	register 129
•		012	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Ca	pacitive (IEEE)	LSR	Quadrants 3 + 4 = Export	
•		013 014	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Reactive Energy - Quadrant 4: Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) C		MSR LSR		_
		015 016	R	NV	SLong	kVAh	E	-2147483647 to +2147483647	Apparent Energy: Net (Import -	Export)	MSR Accumulated Apparent		
•	•	017	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Apparent: Quadrants 1 & 4		MSR	Energy (Sh): Import and	
•		018 019		NIV/		13/41	_	0.0 5555555	Apparent: Quadrants 2 & 3		LSR MSR	Export correspond with Real	
•	•	020 021	R R	NV	ULong SInt	kVAh kW	E W		Export Total Instantaneous Real (P) Pov		LSR	Energy	
	•	022	R		SInt	kVAR	W	0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Reactive (Q)				
		023	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Total Instantaneous Apparent (S				
	•	024	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001		Total Power Factor (total kW / to			-	
		025	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-L (U), average of activ				
		026	R		Ulnt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage, L-N (V), average of activ				
			R			Amp	ı		Current, average of active phase				
		028				Hz	0.01		Frequency				
		029	R			kW	W		Total Real Power Present Deman	nd			
		030			SInt	kVAR	W		Total Reactive Power Present De				
		031	R			kVA	W		Total Apparent Power Present De				
	•	032		NV	SInt	kW	W		Total Real Power Max. Demand				
	•	033	R	NV	SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Reactive Power Max. Dema	and	Import		
	•	034	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W		Total Apparent Power Max. Dem	and			Reset via register
•	•	035		NV	SInt	kW	W	-32767 to +32767	Total Real Power Max. Demand				129
		036		NV	SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767					
·	•	037	R	NV	SInt	kVA	W		Total Apparent Power Max. Dem				
•	•	038	R		UInt				Reserved, returns 0x8000 (QNAN	1)			
$ \cdot $	•	039		NIV.				0 +- 0	Pulse Counter 1	MSR			
•	•	040	R	NV	ULong			() to ()y++++++	(Import Real Energy)	LSR	inputs an	nd outputs. E51Cx.	llid for both pulse A counts are shown
		041	n	NIV.				0.4- 0555555	Pulse Counter 2	MSR	in (). See	register 144 - Ene	
•	•	042	R	NV	ULong			0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	(Export Real Energy)	LSR	trie wn p	er pulse count.	



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Descriptio	n	
									Integer Data: Per Phase			
•	•	043	- R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR		
•	•	044	IN .	IN V	ocong	KVVII		O to oxillilili	Phase A	LSR		
•	•	045	- R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR	 Import	
•	•	046	IN .	INV	OLONG	KVVII	-	O to oxililili	Phase B	LSR	широгс	
•	•	047	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR		
•	•	048	n	INV	OLONG	KVVII		U LU UXFFFFFFF	Phase C	LSR		Accumulated Real Energy (Ph), per
•	•	049	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR		phase
•	•	050	n	INV	ULUIIG	KVVII	L	U LU UXFFFFFFF	Phase A	LSR		
•	•	051	-R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR	Evnort	
•	•	052	n	INV	ULONG	KVVII	C	U LO UXFFFFFFF	Phase B	LSR	Export	
•	•	053	n	NIV	III ama	LAME	E	0.40 0.4555555	Accumulated Real Energy,	MSR		
•	•	054	R	NV	ULong	kWh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Phase C	LSR		
		055	n	NV	III ama	LVADL	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR		
•	•	056	R	INV	ULong	kVARh	[_	U LO UXFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase A	LSR		
•	•	057	n	NIV	III ama	LVADL	г	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR		
		058	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	U LO UXFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase B	LSR		
		059	_	NIV/		LVADL	г	0.4- 0 [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[Accumulated Q1 Reactive	MSR		
	•	060	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase C	LSR		
		061		NIV/		LVADL	_	0.4- 0	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR	Import	
		062	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase A	LSR		
		063	_	N13.7	l	LVADI	_	0. 0 555555	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR	7	
		064	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase B	LSR		
		065		,	l	LVADI	_	0. 0.5555555	Accumulated Q2 Reactive	MSR		
		066	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase C	LSR		Accumulated
		067	_	NIV.		LAMPI	_	0+- 0	Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR		Reactive Energy (Qh), Per Phase
		068	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase A	LSR	7	
		069		ND.	ļ.,,	17/42	_	0. 0 5555555	Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR	7	
		070	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase B	LSR	7	
		071			İ.,	11/22	_		Accumulated Q3 Reactive	MSR	7	
		072	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase C	LSR	T	
		073		AD.		11/45	_	0. 0 5555555	Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR	Export	
		074	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase A	LSR	7	
		075			İ	11/22	_		Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR	7	
		076	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase B	LSR	7	
		077					_		Accumulated Q4 Reactive	MSR	7	
	\dashv	078	R	NV	ULong	kVARh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	Energy, Phase C	LSR	1	



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description			
•	•	079 080	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	MSR LSR			
	•												
•	•	081	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	MSR			
•	•	082			j				Prilase B	LSR	•		
•	•	083	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy,	MSR			
	•	084	IN .	INV	orong	KVAII	L .	0 10 021111111	Phase C	LSR		Accumulated	
		085							Accumulated Apparent Energy,	MSR		Apparent Energy (Sh), Per Phase	
		086	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Phase A	LSR		(517)/ 1 21 1 11432	
	•	087							A	MSR			
	•	088	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B		Export		
	<u>.</u>									1			
•	•	089	R	NV	ULong	kVAh	E	0 to 0xFFFFFFF	Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C	MSR			
•	•	090			_					LSR			
•	•	091	R		SInt	kW	W		Real Power (P), Phase A				
•	•	092	R		SInt	kW	W		Real Power (P), Phase B		Real Power (P)		
•	•	093	R		SInt	kW	W		Real Power (P), Phase C				
•	•	094	R		SInt	kVAR	W		Reactive Power (Q), Phase A				
•	•	095	R		SInt	kVAR	W		Reactive Power (Q), Phase B		Reactive Power (Q)		
•	•	096	R		SInt	kVAR	W	-32767 to +32767	Reactive Power (Q), Phase C				
•	•	097	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase A				
•	•	098	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase B		Apparent Power (S)		
•	•	099	R		UInt	kVA	W	0 to 32767	Apparent Power (S), Phase C				
•	•	100	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase A				
•	•	101	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase B		Power Factor (PF)		
•	•	102	R		SInt	Ratio	0.0001	-10000 to +10000	Power Factor (PF), Phase C				
•	•	103	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase A-B				
•	•	104	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase B-C		Line to Line Voltage (U)		
•	•	105	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (U), Phase A-C				
	•	106	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase A-N				
	•	107	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase B-N		Line to Neutral Voltage (V)		
	•	108	R		UInt	Volt	٧	0 to 32767	Voltage (V), Phase C-N				
		109	R		Ulnt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase A				
		110	R		Ulnt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase B		Current		
	•	111	R		Ulnt	Amp	I	0 to 32767	Current, Phase C				
		112	R		UInt	·			Reserved, Returns 0x8000 (QNA	N)			



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description			
		Γ	1	1	1	1	1	T	Configuration			
•	•	129	R/W		UInt			N/A	Reset: - Write 30078 (0x757E) to clear all Energy Accumulators to 0 (All). - Write 21211 (0x52DB) to begin new Demand Sub-Interval calculation next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every " - Write 21212 (0x52DC) to reset Max Demand values to Present Deman next 1 second calculation cycle. Write no more frequently than every " - Write 16640 (0x4100) to reset Logging (E51C3A only). - Write 16498 (0x4072) to clear Pulse Counts to zero. - Read always returns 0.	10 seconds. d Values. Takes effect at the end of the		
•	•	130	R/W	NV	UInt			10, 11, 12, 31, 40	Single Phase: A + N Single Phase: A + B Single Split Phase: A + B + N Single Split Phase: A + B + N Single Split Phase: A + B + N System Type (See Manual. Note: only the indicated phases are monitored for Phase Loss)			
•	•	131	R/W	NV	UInt	Amps		20-5000	CT Ratio – Primary			
		132	R/W	NV	UInt			n/a	Reserved, returns QNAN	Current Inputs		
		133	R/W	NV	UInt		100	0.01-320.00	PT Ratio: The meter scales this value by 100 (i.e. entering 200 yields a The default is 100 (1.00:1), which is with no PT attached. Set this value (below)	potential transformer ratio of 2:1). le before setting the system voltage		
•	•	134	R/W	NV	UInt			82-32000	System Voltage: This voltage is line to line, unless in system type 10 (re The meter uses this value to calculate the full scale power for the puls scale for phase loss (register 142). The meter will refuse voltages that when divided by the PT Ratio (above).	e configuration (below), and as full		
•	•	135	R	NV	UInt	kW	w	1-32767	Theoretical Maximum System Power — This read only register is the the expects to see on a service. It is calculated by the meter from the Syst 131), and System Voltage (register 134) and is updated whenever the It is used to determine the maximum power the pulse outputs can ke same scale as other integer power registers (see register 140 for power the pulse).	em Type (register 130), CT size (register user changes any of these parameters. ep up with. This integer register has the		
	•	136	R		UInt				Reserved, always returns 0			
•		137	R/W	NV	Ulnt			0,1	Display Units: 0 = IEC (U, V, P, Q, S), 1 = IEEE (default: VLL, VLN, W, VAR,	VA)		
•	•	138	R		SInt		-4 0.000 -3 0.001		Scale Factor I (Current)	cale Factors		
•	•	139	R		SInt		-2 0.01 -1 0.1		i	ote: These registers contain a signed integer, which scales the corresponding		
	•	140	R		SInt		0 1.0 1 10.0		Scale Factor W (Power)	nteger registers. Floating point registers are not scaled. Scaling		
•	•	141	R		SInt		2 100.0 3 1000. 4 1000	0		is recalculated when the meter configuration is changed.		



E51C2A FDS	E51GA Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Description	
	•	142	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Voltage Threshold in percent of system voltage (register 134). Default value is 10 (%). Any phase (as configured in register 130) whose level drops below this threshold triggers a Phase Loss alert, i.e., if the System voltage is set to 480 V L-L, the L-N voltage for each phase should be 277 V. When the threshold is set to 10%, if any phase drops more than 10% below 277 V, (less than 249 V), or if any L-L voltage drops more than 10% below 480 V (less than 432 V) the corresponding phase loss alarm bit in register 146 will be true. Note: The phases tested are determined	
•	•	143	R/W	NV	UInt	%		1-99	Phase Loss Imbalance Threshold in Percent. Default is 25% phase to phase difference. For a 3-phase Y (3 + N) system type (40 in register 130), both Line to Neutral and Line to Line voltages are tested. In a 3-phase Δ System type (31 in register 130), only Line to Line voltages are examined. In a single split-phase (2 + N) system type (12 in register 130), just the line to neutral voltage are compared.	
•	•	144	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Wh		10000, 1000 , 100,	Wh (& VARh, if equipped) Energy per Pulse Output Contact Closure. If the meter cannot find a pulse duration that will keep up with the max. system power (register 135), it will reject the new value. Check the meter configuration and/or try a larger value. kWh (& VARh, if equipped) Pulse Contacts	
	•	145	R	NV	Ulnt	msec		500, 250, 100, 50, 25,	Pulse Contact Closure Duration in msec. Read-only. Set to the slowest duration that will keep up with the theoretical max. system power (register 135). The open time ≥ the closure time, so the max. pulse rate (pulses per sec) is the inverse of double the pulse time.	
	•	146	R		UInt				Error Bitmap. 1 = Active: Bit 0: Phase A Voltage out of range Bit 1: Phase B Voltage out of range Bit 2: Phase C Voltage out of range Bit 3: Phase A Current out of range Bit 4: Phase B Current out of range Bit 5: Phase C Current out of range Bit 6: Frequency out of the range of 45 to 65 Hz - OR- insufficient voltage to determine frequency. Bit 7: Reserved for future use Bit 8: Phase Loss A Bit 9: Phase Loss B Bit 10: Phase Loss C Bit 11: Low Power Factor on A with one or more phases having a PF less than 0.5 due to mis-wiring of phases Bit 12: Low Power Factor on C Bit 14: Energy pulse output overrun error. The pulse outputs are unable to keep up with the total real power (registers 3 and 261/262). To fix, increase the pulse energy register (register 144) and reset the energy accumulators (see reset register 129). Bit 15: Energy pulse output configuration error (present pulse energy setting may not keep up with the theoretical max. system power; see register 135). To fix, increase the pulse energy (register 144).	



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description			
•		147	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Count of Energy Accumulator re	sets			
•	•	148	R		UInt				Reserved (returns 0)				
	•	149	R/W	NV	UInt			1-6	Number of Sub-Intervals per De make a single demand interva Interval Length register #150 i	l. For block demand, set this to	1. Default is 1. When Sub-	Demand	
		150	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Seconds		0, 10-32767	Sub-Interval Length in seconds. For sync-to-comms, set this to 0 and use the reset register (129) to externally re-start the sub-interval. On the E51C3A, this is also the logging interval.				
		151	R/W		UInt			1-32767	Reserved (returns 0)				
		152	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Power Up Counter.				
•	•	153	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Output Configuration. E51CxA units have a N.O. energy contact and N.C. (Normally Closed - Form B) Phase Loss contact, so this register always returns 0. Reserved, returns 0.				
•	•	154	R		UInt				Reserved, returns 0				
		,						Log	gging Configuration and Status				
		155	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Day / Month		See Bytes	Most Significant Byte (MSB)	Least Significant Byte (LSB)	Date / Time Clock. Followin	g a power cycle,	
									Day 1-31 (0x01-0x1F)	Month 1-12 (0x01-0x0C)	resets to:		
	•	156	R/W	NV	UInt	Hour / Year		See Bytes	Hour 0-23 (0x00-0x17)	Year 0-199 (0x00-0xC7)	Day 01 Month 01 Hour 00 Year (20) 00		
	•	157	R/W	NV	Ulnt	Seconds / Minutes		See Bytes	Seconds 0-59 (0x00-0x3B)	Minutes 0-59 (0x00-0x3B)			
	•	158	R/W	NV	Uint			0-10	Logging Read Page Register. Selects which of the Register Logs to read (see registers 169-178). 1-10 are valid entries that put the meter into log reading mode, temporarily pausing logging. When set to 0 (no variable selected for reading), normal logging resumes. The meter buffers one set of log entries while in reading mode if a sub-interval timeout occurs (read/write collision). Default is 0. Warning: this buffered data is written to the log, and logging resumes on the following sub-interval timeout whether the page register has been cleared or not, resulting in the appearance of data moving in the buffer during reads. To avoid this, complete log buffer reads and this register set back to 0 in less time than the Demand Sub-interval (preferred) or halt logging by setting Bit 1 in register 158 (logs may be missed)				
	•	159	R/W	NV	UInt				Logging Configuration Register (Bit Mapped): Bit 0: Clear to 0 for Circular log buffer mode. Set to 1 for single shot logging mode. Default is 0 (Circular). Bit 1: Clear to 0 to enable Logging. Set to 1 to halt logging. Default is 0 (Log).				



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description		
		160	R	NV	Uint				Logged Entry Count will contin register 129). Bit 1: Log Buffer Read Collision 1 log (Logging Page Register has the data until the next sub-inte interval. This bit is cleared to 0 Bit 2: Log Buffer Read Collision 2 the log (Logging Page Register condition and does a double w values. If the read condition is 1 This bit is cleared to 0 on the fil Bit 3: Logging Reset — The log has 1 Logging Interrupted — Logduring the previous demand so Bit 5: RTC Changed — The real tir	when one single shot mode has ue to increment. Cleared to 0 increment. Cleared to 0 increment. Cleared to 0 increment. Cleared to 0 increment incr		
	•	161	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	circular log buffer wraps and o	verwrites old data. The total n Jister 163. In single shot mode	s counter increments each time the internal umber of logged entries since the last log reset this counter is the number of log entries lost greset.	
	•	162	R	NV	Ulnt			0-32767		of days that data is logged foll	yth and the depth of the log buffer, this register owing a reset until the Buffer is full (Single Shot	
		163	R	NV	UInt			0-32767	Number of Logged Entries since number of valid entries in the l	the log buffer wrapped or wa ouffer. Any entries beyond this	s reset. In single shot mode, this is the total sare read back as QNAN (0x8000).	
	•	164	R	NV	III on a	kWh	E	0-0xFFFF	Real Energy Consumption (MSR)		(2) starting value. Corresponds to when logging	
	•	165	n.	INV	ULong	KVVII	<u> </u>	0-0xFFFF	Real Energy Consumption (LSR)	is started, reset, or rolls.		
		166	R	NV	UInt	Month /		See Bytes	Most Significant Byte (MSB)	Least Significant Byte (LSB)		
Щ			· ·			Day			Day 1-31 (0x01-0x1F)	Month 1-12 (0x01-0x0C)	Date & Time of the newest entry in the log.	
	•	167	R	NV	UInt	Year / Hour		See Bytes	Hour 0-23 (0x00-0x17)	Year 0-199 (0x00-0xC7)	After a power cycle, resets to: Day 01 Month 01	
	•	168	R	NV	Ulnt	Minutes / Seconds		See Bytes		Minutes 0-59 (0x00-0x3B)	Hour 00 Year (20) 00	



E51C2A FDS	E51GA Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description			
		169	R/W	NV	UInt				Log Register 1 — Default is 3 (Import Real Energy MSR)				
		170	R/W	NV	UInt				Log Register 2 — Default is 4 (Import Real Energy LSR)				
	•	171	R/W	NV	Ulnt				Log Register 3 — Default is 5 (Export Real Energy MSR)				
		172	R/W	NV	Ulnt			1-42,	Log Register 4 — Default is 6 (Export Real Energy LSR)				
		173	R/W	NV	UInt			146, 155-157,	Log Register 5 — Log Register Selection — Write the number of the 16 bit register to be land to be				
		174	R/W	NV	Ulnt			257-336	Default is 29 (Real Demand) Log Register 6 — Default is 30 (Reactive Demand) Log Register 6 — Default is 30 (Reactive Demand) To log a 32 bit value (such as accumulators and floating point values) us two log registers, one each for the most and least significant register (M				
		175	R/W	NV	Ulnt				Log Register 7 — Default is 31 (Apparent Demand)				
		176	R/W	NV	Ulnt				Log Register 8 — Default is 155 (Month/Day)				
		177	R/W	NV	UInt				Log Register 9 — Default is 156 (Year/Hour)				
		178	R/W	NV	Ulnt				Log Register 10 — Default is 157 (Minutes/ Seconds)				
								Floating P	oint Data: Summary of Active Pha	ises			
		257/258	R	NV	Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy: Net (I				
		259/260	D	NV	Float	kWh			Real Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4		Accumulated Real Energy		
		261/262		INV	Float	kWh			Import Real Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3		(Ph)		
•		263/264			Float	kVARh			Export Reactive Energy: Quadrant 1 Lags Import Real Energy (IEC) In	ductive (IFFF)		_	
		265/266	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 2 Leads Export Real Energy (IEC) Ir		Accumulated Reactive Energy (Qh):	Clear via register	
•	•	267/268	R		Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 3 Lags Export Real Energy (IEC) Ca		Quadrants 1+2= Import Quadrants 3+4= Export	129	
•	•	269/270			Float	kVARh			Reactive Energy: Quadrant 4 Leads Import Real Energy (IEC) C	apacitive (IEEE)	·		
•	•	271/272	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Net (Import - I		Accumulated Apparent		
•		273/274	R	NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 1 & 4 Import Energy (Sh): Import and Export correspond with				
•	•	275/276		NV	Float	kVAh			Apparent Energy: Quadrants 2 & 3 Real Energy Export				
•	٠	277/278	_		Float	kW			Total Net Instantaneous Real (P) Power				
•	•	279/280			Float	kVAR			Total Net Instantaneous Reactive (Q) Power				
•	•	281/282	R		Float	kVA			Total Net Instantaneous Apparer				
•		283/284	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Total Power Factor (Total kW / To	tal kVA)			
•	•	285/286	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, L-L (U), average of active phases				



E51C2A FDS	E51C3A Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	Descriptio	n		
•	•	287/288			Float	Volt			Voltage, L-N (V), average of active phases			
•	•	289/290	R		Float	Amp			Current, average of active phases			
•	•	291/292	R		Float	Hz		45.0-65.0	Frequency			
•	•	293/294			Float	kW			Total Real Power Present Demand			
•	•	295/296				kVAR			Total Reactive Power Present Demand			
•	•	297/298				kVA			Total Apparent Power Present Demand			
•	•	299/300		NV		kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand			
•	•	301/302		NV		kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Import		
•	•	303/304	R	NV		kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	•	305/306		NV	Float	kW			Total Real Power Max. Demand			
•	•	307/308	R	NV		kVAR			Total Reactive Power Max. Demand	Export		
•	•	309/310	R	NV	Float	kVA			Total Apparent Power Max. Demand			
•	•	311/312	R		Float				Reserved, reports QNAN (0x7FC00000)			
•	•	313/314	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 1 (Import Real Energy)	inputs an in (). See	d outputs. E51C register 144 for	Valid for both pulse (xA counts are shown the weight of each
•	•	315/316	R		Float		1	0-4294967040	Pulse Counter 2 (Export Reactive Energy pulse Counter 2 (Export Reactive Energy user defined. Pulse Counter 2 (Export Reactive Energy pulse output count. These values are derived from the 32 bit integer counter and roll over to 0 when the integer counters do. Inputs are user defined.			
		,				,		FI	loating Point Data: Per Phase	·		
•	•	317/318	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A			
		319/320	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	Import		
•	•	321/322	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C			(DL)
•	•	323/324	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase A		Accumulated K	eal Energy (Ph)
•	•	325/326	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase B	Export		
•	•	327/328	R		Float	kWh			Accumulated Real Energy, Phase C			
•	•	329/330	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase A			
•	•	331/332	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 1		
•	•	333/334	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q1 Reactive Energy, Phase C		l man a set	
•	•	335/336	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase A		Import	
•		337/338			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 2	2	
•	•	339/340	R		Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q2 Reactive Energy, Phase C			Accumulated
•		341/342			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase A			Reactive Energy (Qh)
•	_	343/344			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 3	8	` '
•		345/346			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q3 Reactive Energy, Phase C		-Evnort	
•		347/348			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase A		Export	
•		349/350			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase B	Quadrant 4	ŀ	
•		351/352			Float	kVARh			Accumulated Q4 Reactive Energy, Phase C			
•		353/354			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A			
•		355/356			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	Import		
•		357/358			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C		Accumulated A	pparent Energy (Sh)
•	٠	359/360			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase A	_	, iccumulated A	pparent Energy (511)
•	٠	361/362			Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase B	Export		
•	•	363/364	R		Float	kVAh			Accumulated Apparent Energy, Phase C			



E51C2A FDS	E51GA Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range		Description
•	•	365/366			Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A	
•	٠	367/368			Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A	Real Power (P)
•	•	369/370			Float	kW			Real Power, Phase A	
•	•	371/372			Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	
•	•	373/374			Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	Reactive Power (Q)
•	•	375/376			Float	kVAR			Reactive Power, Phase A	
•	•	377/378			Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	
•	•	379/380			Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	Apparent Power (S)
•	•	381/382	R		Float	kVA			Apparent Power, Phase A	
•	•	383/384			Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	
•	•	385/386			Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	Power Factor (PF)
•	•	387/388	R		Float	Ratio		0.0-1.0	Power Factor, Phase A	
•	•	389/390			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-B	
•	•	391/392			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-C	Line to Line Voltage (U)
•	•	393/394			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-C	
•	•	395/396			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase A-N	
•	•	397/398	R		Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase B-N	Line to Neutral (V)
•	•	399/400			Float	Volt			Voltage, Phase C-N	
•	٠	401/402	R		Float	Amp			Current, Phase A	
•	•	403/404			Float	Amp			Current, Phase B	Current
•	•	405/406			Float	Amp			Current, Phase C	
•	•	407/408	R		Float				Reserved, Reports QNAN (0x7FC	C00000)
									Logging Interface	
	•	8000	R	NV					Newest Logged Data Entry	
		(to)							(to)	5760 entries total (60 days at a 15 minute sub-interval)
	•	13760	R	NV					Oldest Logged Data Entry	

Invalid or Quiet Not A Number (QNAN) conditions are indicated by 0x8000 (negative zero) for 16 bit integers and 0x7FC00000 for 32 bit floating point numbers.

Floating point numbers are encoded per the IEEE 754 32-bit specifications.



SunSpec Register Blocks This section describes the Modbus registers reserved for SunSpec compliance-related information. See www.sunspec.org for the original specifications.

E51C2 FDS	E51C3 Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
							Su	nSpec 1.0 Commo	n Model	
•	•	40001 40002	R	NV	ULong			0x5375 6e53	C_SunSpec_ID	ASCII "SunS". Identifies this as the beginning of a SunSpec Modbus point
•	•	40003	R	NV	UInt			1	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec common model Device ID
•	•	40004	R	NV	UInt			65	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the common model block
•	•	40005 to 40020	R	NV	String (32)	ASCII			C_Manufacturer	null terminated ASCII text string = "VERIS"
•	•	40021 to 40036	R	NV	String (32)				C_Model	null terminated ASCII text string = "E51C_A"
•	-	40037 to 40044	R	NV	String (16)				C_Options	null terminated ASCII text string
•	-	40045 to 40052	R	NV	String (16)				C_Version	null terminated ASCII text string
•		40053 to 40068	R	NV	String (32)				C_SerialNumber	null terminated ASCII text string
•	•	40068	R	NV	UInt	ASCII			C_SunSpec_Length	Modbus address
							SunS	pec 1.1 Integer M	eter Model	
								Identification	1	
•	•	40070	R	NV	UInt			201 to 204	C_SunSpec_DID	SunSpec Integer meter model device IDs. Meter configuration by device ID: 201 = single phase (A-N or A-B) meter 202 = split single phase (A-B-N) meter 203 = Wye-connect 3-phase (ABCN) meter 204 = delta-connect 3-phase (ABC) meter
•	•	40071	R	NV	UInt			105	C_SunSpec_Length	Length of the meter model block
								Current		
•	•	40072	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767		AC Current (sum of active phases)
•	•	40073	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF		M_AC_Current_A	Phase A AC current
•	•	40074	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF		M_AC_Current_B	Phase B AC current
•	•	40075	R		SInt	Amps	M_AC_Current_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Current_C	Phase C AC current
•	•	40076	R	NV	SInt		1		M_AC_Current_CN	AC Current Scale Factor
				1		1		Voltage: Line to N		
·	•	40077	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_LN	Line to Neutral AC voltage (average of active phases)
•	٠	40078	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_AN	Phase A to Neutral AC Voltage
•	٠	40079	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_BN	Phase B to Neutral AC Voltage
•	•	40080	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_CN	Phase C to Neutral AC Voltage
		40001	ln.	1	Class	V-1+-	M. AC. Valtana CF	Voltage: Line to		Line As Line AC college (common of a stine plane)
·	•	40081	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_LL	Line to Line AC voltage (average of active phases)
•	•	40082	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_AB	Phase A to Phase B AC Voltage
•	•	40083	R		SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF		M_AC_Voltage_BC	Phase B to Phase C AC Voltage
•	•	40084	R	MV	SInt	Volts	M_AC_Voltage_SF	-32/0/ (0 +32/0/	M_AC_Voltage_CA	Phase C to Phase A AC Voltage AC Voltage Scale Factor
•	•	40085	R	NV	SInt		I	Frequency	M_AC_Voltage_SF	AC VOILage State Factor
		40086	R		SInt	Hertz	M_AC_Freq_SF	-32767 to +32767	M AC Freq	AC Frequency
Ė		40087	_	NV	SInt	SF	1	32/0/ to ±32/0/	M_AC_Freq_SF	AC Frequency Scale Factor
	ائا	TUUUI	lu.	14.4	אווונ	וכן	1	l	ויי_אר_וונין_א	The ricquelley scale ractor



SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

E51C2 FDS	E51C3 Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
ш	В									
								Power		
								Real Power		
•	•	40088	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power	Total Real Power (sum of active phases)
•	•	40089	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	 	Phase A AC Real Power
•	•	40090	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power_B	Phase B AC Real Power
•	٠	40091	R		SInt	Watts	M_AC_Power_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_Power_C	Phase A AC Real Power
•	•	40092	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_Power_SF	AC Real Power Scale Factor
								Apparent Powe	er	
		40093	R		SInt	Volt- Amps	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M_AC_VA	Total AC Apparent Power (sum of active phases)
		40094	R		SInt	Volt-	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767	M AC VA A	Phase A AC Apparent Power
	-	40095	R		SInt	Volt-	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase B AC Apparent Power
	-					Amps Volt-				
•		40096	R	NIV/	SInt	Amps	M_AC_VA_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase A AC Apparent Power
•	•	40097	R	NV	SInt	SF	I	D 4: D	M_AC_VA_SF	AC Apparent Power Scale Factor
		10000	I _D	Г	let .		N AC 1410 CF	Reactive Powe	·-	T. 1460 D. (. (. i . l .)
•	_	40098	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Total AC Reactive Power (sum of active phases)
•	-	40099	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	+	Phase A AC Reactive Power
•		40100	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767		Phase B AC Reactive Power
•		40101	R		SInt	VAR	M_AC_VAR_SF	-32767 to +32767	i e	Phase A AC Reactive Power
•	•	40102	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_VAR_SF	AC Reactive Power Scale Factor
			1-		1	ı	T	Power Factor	T	
•	_	40103	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	 	Average Power Factor (average of active phases)
•	-	40104	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	 	Phase A Power Factor
•	-	40105	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	 	Phase B Power Factor
•	-	40106	R		SInt	%	M_AC_PF_SF	-32767 to +32767	 	Phase A Power Factor
•	•	40107	R	NV	SInt	SF	1		M_AC_PF_SF	AC Power Factor Scale Factor
								Accumulated En	ergy	
					1		T	Real Energy	T	
•		40108	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W	Total Exported Real Energy
•	_	40109								
		40110	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_A	Phase A Exported Real Energy
		40111								
•		40112	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_B	Phase B Exported Real Energy
F-		40113								
•		40114 40115	R	NV	ULong	Watt- hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_W_C	Phase C Exported Real Energy
		40116				Watt-				
•		40117	R	NV	ULong	hours	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W	Total Imported Real Energy
•		40118		AD.		Watt-	M F W 65	0.00 ===============================		DI AI . ID IT
•		40119	R	NV	ULong	hours	M_Energy_W_SF	UXU to UXFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_A	Phase A Imported Real Energy
	•	40120	R	NIV	Illona	Watt-	M_Energy_W_SF	Ov0 to Overere	M Imported W P	Phase B Imported Real Energy
•	•	40121	lu .	NV	ULong	hours	w_energy_w_sr	טגט נט טגררררררר	M_Imported_W_B	riase o iniporteu neai chergy
•		40122	R	NV	ULong	Watt-	M_Energy_W_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Imported_W_C	Phase C Imported Real Energy
•		40123				hours			·	
•	•	40124	R	NV	SF	SF	I		M_Energy_W_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor



SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

FDS	Log	iter								
E51C2 FDS	E51G3 Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name	Description
								Apparent Energ	<u> </u>]Y	
•	\vdash	40125 40126	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA	Total Exported Apparent Energy
•	•	40127 40128	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_A	Phase A Exported Apparent Energy
•	•	40129 40130	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_B	Phase B Exported Apparent Energy
•	•	40131 40132	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Exported_VA_C	Phase C Exported Apparent Energy
•	\vdash	40133 40134	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA	Total Imported Apparent Energy
•	\vdash	40135 40136	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_A	Phase A Imported Apparent Energy
•	\vdash	40137 40138	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_B	Phase B Imported Apparent Energy
•	•	40139 40140	R	NV	ULong	VA- hours	M_Energy_VA_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Imported_VA_C	Phase C Imported Apparent Energy
٠	•	40141	R	NV	Ulnt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Real Energy Scale Factor
					ı			Reactive Energ	У	
•	٠	40142 40143	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q1	Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	\vdash	40144 40145	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1A	Phase A - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	•	40146 40147	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1B	Phase B - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	•	40148 40149	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q1C	Phase C - Quadrant 1: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	\vdash	40150 40151	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_Q2	Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	\vdash	40152 40153	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2A	Phase A - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	\vdash	40154 40155	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2B	Phase B - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	•	40156 40157	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Import_VARh_ Q2C	Phase C - Quadrant 2: Total Imported Reactive Energy
•	•	40158 40159	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q3	Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	•	40160 40161	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3A	Phase A - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	•	40162 40163	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3B	Phase B - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	•	40164 40165	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q3C	Phase C - Quadrant 3: Total Exported Reactive Energy
•	\vdash	40166 40167	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_Q4	Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy



SunSpec Register Blocks (cont.)

E51C2 FDS	E51G3 Log	Register	R/W	NV	Format	Units	Scale	Range	SunSpec Name		ı)escription
•	_	40168 40169	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q4A	Phase A - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy		
•	•	40170 40171	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ Q4B	Phase B - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy		
		40172 40173	R	NV	ULong	VAR- hours	M_Energy_VAR_SF	0x0 to 0xFFFFFFF	M_Export_VARh_ 04C	Phase C - Quadrant 4: Total Exported Reactive Energy		
	-	40174	R	NV	Ulnt	SF	1		M_Energy_VA_SF	Reactive Energy Scale Factor		
	Events											
•	•	40175							M_Events Bit Map. See M_EVENT_flags. 0 = no event			
		40176	R	NV	ULong	Flags			Event		Bit	Description
•									M_EVENT_Power_	Failure	0x00000004	Loss of power or phase
	•								M_EVENT_Under_	Voltage	0x00000008	Voltage below threshold (phase loss)
									M_EVENT_Low_PI	:	0x00000010	Power factor below threshold (can indicate misassociated voltage and current inputs in 3-phase systems)
									M_EVENT_Over_C	urrent	0x00000020	Current input over threshold (out of measurement range)
									M_EVENT_Over_V	oltage	0x00000040	Voltage input over threshold (out of measurement range)
									M_EVENT_Missing	_Sensor	0x00000080	Sensor not connected (not supported)
									M_EVENT_Reserve	d1-8	0x00000100 to 0x00008000	Reserved for future SunSpec use
									M_EVENT_OEM1-1	5	0x7FFF000	Reserved for OEMs (not used)
	End of SunSpec Block											
		40177	R	NV	Ulnt			0xFFFF	C_SunSpec_DID = 0xFFFF Uniquely identifies this as the last SunSpec block			
		40178	R	NV	Ulnt			0x0000	C_SunSpec_Length = 0 Last block has no length			



Troubleshooting

Problem	Cause	Solution				
The maintenance wrench icon appears in the power meter display.	There is a problem with the inputs to the power meter.	See the Alert sub-menu or the Diagnostic Alert Modbus Register 146				
The display is blank after applying control power to the meter.	The meter is not receiving adequate power.	Verify that the meter control power are receiving the required voltage. Verify that the heart icon is blinking. Check the fuse.				
	Incorrect setup values	Verify the values entered for power meter setup parameters (CT and PT ratings, system type, etc.). See the Setup section.				
The data displayed is	Incorrect voltage inputs	Check power meter voltage input terminals to verify adequate voltage.				
inaccurate.	Power meter is wired improperly.	Check all CTs and PTs to verify correct connection to the same service, CT and PT polarity, and adequate powering. See the Wiring Diagrams section for more information.				
	Power meter address is incorrect.	Verify that the meter is correctly addressed (see Setup section).				
Cannot communicate with power meter from	Power meter baud rate is incorrect.	Verify that the baud rate of the meter matches that of all other devices on its communications link (see Setup section).				
a remote personal computer.	Communications lines are improperly connected.	Verify the power meter communications connections (see the Communications section). Verify the terminating resistors are properly installed on both ends of a chain of units. Units in the middle of a chain should not have a terminator. Verify the shield ground is connected between all units.				
Sign of one phase (real power) is incorrect	CT orientation reversed	Remove CT, reverse orientation, reconnect (qualified personnel only)				

China RoHS Compliance Information (EFUP Table)

	产品中有毒有害物质或元素的名称及含量Substances								
部件名称	铅 (Pb)	汞(Hg)	镉(Cd)	六价铬 (Cr(VI))	多溴联苯(PBB)	多溴二苯醚(PBDE)			
电子线路板	X	0	0	0	0	0			

^{0 =} 表示该有毒有害物质在该部件所有均质材料中的含量均在 SJ/T11363-2006 标准规定的限量要求以下.

Z000057-0A

X = 表示该有毒有害物质至少在该部件的某一均质材料中的含量超出SJ/T11363-2006标准规定的限量要求.